S-ALLELE GENOTYPING OF LOCAL SPANISH ALMOND CULTIVARS

Ossama Kodad¹, Ana Sánchez², Margarida Oliveira^{2,3} and Rafel Socias i Company¹

¹ Unidad de Fruticultura, CITA de Aragón, Apartado 727, 50080 Zaragoza, Spain

² Instituto de Tecnologia Quimica e Biologica (ITQB). Instituto de Biología Experimental e Tecnología (IBET). Quinta do Marquès, 2784-505 Oeiras. Portugal.

³ Universidad de Lisboa. Faculdade de Ciencias. Dep. Biología Vegetal. Campo Grande. 1749-016 Lisbon. Portugal

Almond (*Prunus amygdalus* Batsch) has a gametophytic self-incompatibility system (GSI). GSI is haplotype specific and controlled by a multi-allelic S-locus that codes for RNases involved in pollen rejection in a specific manner. The S-genotype of 19 accessions has been identified and characterized in this study by PCR analysis. The use of conserved primers allowed the amplification of two new putative S alleles that had not been amplified before by PCR, for which the labels S_{31} and S_{32} are proposed. The restriction digestion of the PCR product was efficient to distinguish and to identify the alleles presenting similar size bands on the agarose gel and/or having high homology.