# Improving the use of grazed forage in Mediterranean ruminant systems: issues, options and perspectives







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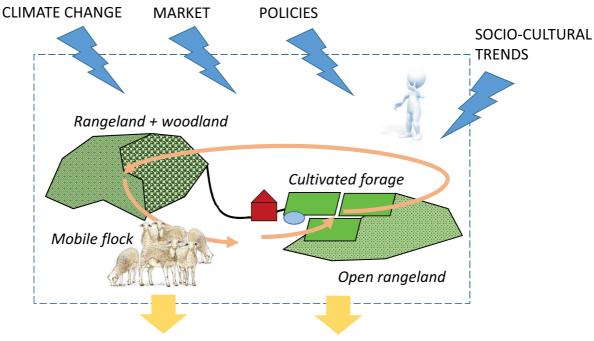






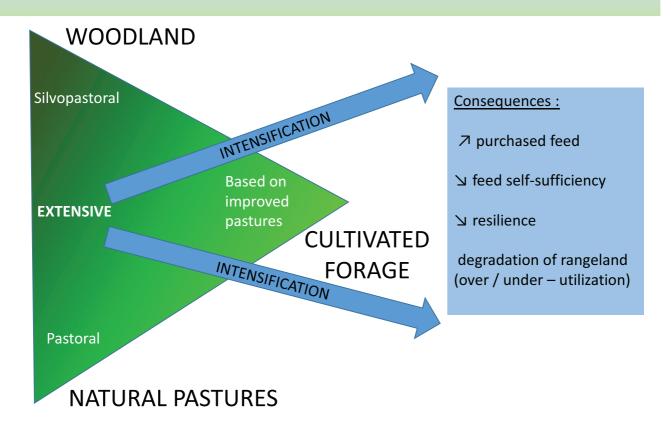


# Mediterranean small ruminant systems (MSRS)



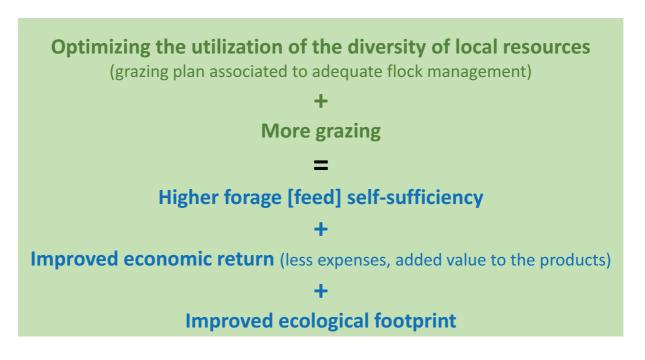
Preservation of natural resources
Contribution to the socio-economic developement of rural areas

# A diversity of systems and intensification levels



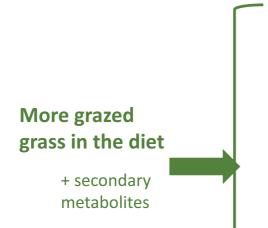
# More grazed forage, a solution ...

# ... to secure the sustainability of MSRS?



# More grazed forage, a solution ...

#### ... to meet the consumers' demand?



Positive image for the consumer Bardají et al. (2009), Poore and Nemecek (2018)

More PUFA in the milk and meat Cabiddu et al. (2005), Joy et al. (2012)

Soft, yellow cheese, typical flavour Coppa et al. (2011), Martin et al. (2016)

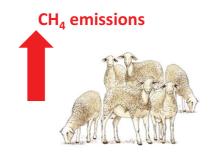
Dark meat, yellow fat, pastoral flavour Blanco et al. (2010), Lobón et al. (2017), Priolo et al. (2001)

Longer meat shelf-life Vasta and Luciano (2011), Lobón *et al.* (2017)

Possible differenciation [traceability] Lobón et al. (2019)

# More grazed forage, a solution ...

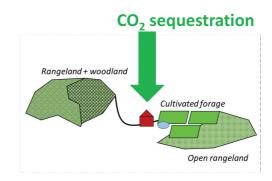
# ... to mitigate climate change?



#### Can be reduced by:

A forages with secondary compounds Waghorn et al. (2002), Archimede et al. (2011)

... or with water-soluble carbohydrates Lee *et al.* (2001), Jones *et al.* (2014)

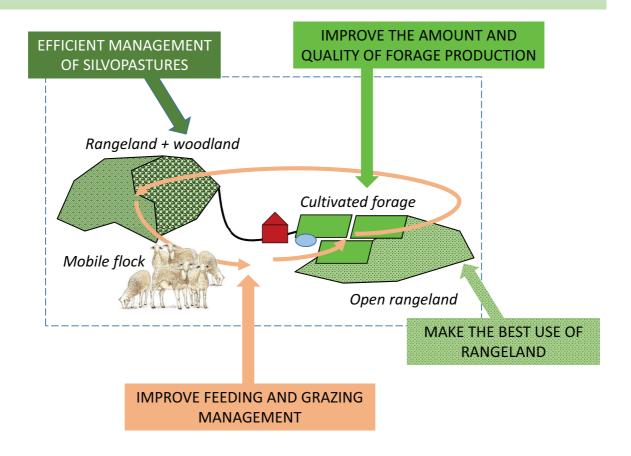


#### Can be improved by:

Regulating grazing pressure Vigan et al. (2017)

... and more grazing can ∠ CO<sub>2</sub> emiss° (∠ mechanization) Vagnoni and Franca (2017), Soteriades (2016), Rotz *et al.* (2010)

# Technical options to increase grazed grass

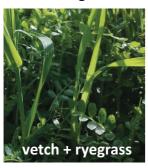


# IMPROVE THE AMOUNT AND QUALITY OF FORAGE PRODUCTION

<u>The issue</u>: produce high-quality forage (legumes) adapted to the specific Mediterranean conditions, and available all-year round.

#### Annual crops grazed (W) + cut (S)

grazed (W) + cut (S) « grass+legume » or « cereal+legume »



### Perennial leg.

available 365d/y Source of protein (+ tannins)



#### Perm. grassland

Choice of mixtures New locally-adapted legume species







Porqueddu et al., 2017

Re et al., 2014

Nichols et al., 2007

Porqueddu et al., 2010

#### IMPROVE FEEDING AND GRAZING MANAGEMENT

<u>The issue</u>: obtain high animal production at pasture, while reducing waste and GHG emissions.

High requirements in spring



Gonzalez-G. et al, 2014

Legumes
with CT
Protein nutrition



Molle et al., 2008

Perennial crops to extend forage availability



Alvarez-Rodríguez et al., 2010 Blanco et al., 2011

Mixed grazing

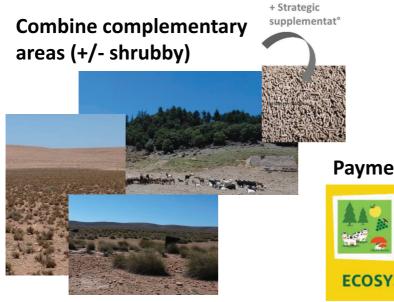


+ Strategic

supplementat°

#### MAKE THE BEST USE OF RANGELAND

<u>The issue</u>: take advantage, at a yearly scale, of the low-cost forage resource available on rangelands + secure such resource.



Gobindram et al, 2018

Payment for ES

ECOSYSTEM SERVICES

Rodriguez-Ortega et al., 2018

### EFFICIENT MANAGEMENT OF SILVOPASTURES

<u>The issue</u>: improve herbage production (amount, quality) and thus animal production.

# Mediterranean silvopastoral systems



Multipe products
Ecological value
Cultural value
Socio-economic issues

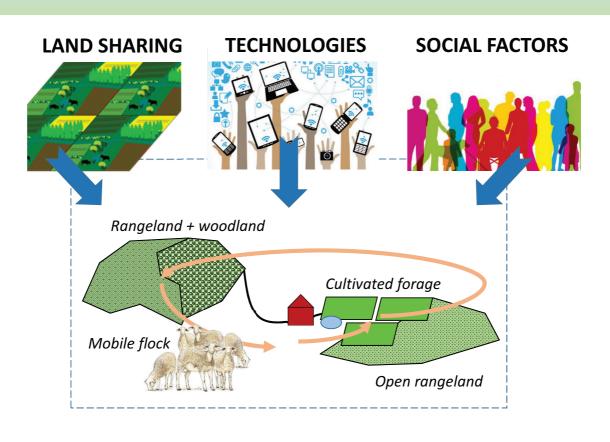
#### Silvopastures

Improved grassland (shade-tolerant species)
Targeted P fertilization
Rotational multi-paddock grazing
Mixed grazing



www.agforward.eu www.regenerate.eu

# Contextualizing technical changes



# Social factors impacting pasture-based systems

#### STATUS OF RANGELAND

Common land governed by ... old / new rights ?



In France, specific legal tools for multifunc\_tional grazing lands.



Bourbouze & Gibon (1999), Ait-Alhayane (2016)

#### PERCEPTION OF RANGELAND...

- Low-quality resource, incompatible with good animal performance.
- Low-cost forage resource for animals with low nutrient requirements.
- Diverse forage resource, which can provide interesting feed at certain periods of the year, in certain management conditions.

# ... ASSOCIATED WITH SPECIFIC LOCAL ECOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE

Lasseur (2005), Jouven *et al.* (2015), Gobindram *et al.* (2018)

# What can we expect from modern technologies?

**Smart farming in extensive systems** = provide data and information to the farmer, in order to improve his local ecological knowledge and to help him/her adapt the management practices.

- (1) Real-time localisation of flocks
- (2) Alert in case of panic or exit from limits
- (3) Virtual fences
- (4) Knowledge of animal grazing circuits
- (5) Monitoring of animal activities



Virtual fencing collars



CLOChèTE project



Pastoral Rummy: a board + a simulator to test and discuss grazing strategies.

Zapata et al. (2017)

Jouven et al. (2011)

## Reconnecting MSRS and other activities

Livestock and biodiversity conservation: the LIFE program (E.U.)





Livestock and tourism Grazing on land devoted to other productions





# Conclusions and perspectives

- Increasing the contribution of grazed forage in MSRS is an interesting option to answer climatic, economic, ecological and socio-political issues.
- A range of technical solutions are available to improve the amount and quality of forage intake at pasture; certains solutions are more adapted to improved grasslands, others concern mainly natural pastures.
- Objectivize the specific features of MSRS
- <u>Value</u> the range of ecosystem services rendered by MSRS
- Reconnect MSRS with other activities
- Optimize management practices in a multifunctional context
- <u>Produce tools adapted to MSRS</u>: seeds for improved pastures, technological packages, legal framework for pastoral use of land

Efficiency and resilience of forage resources and small ruminant production to cope with global challenges in Mediterranean areas

Ecole Nationale d'Agriculture de Meknès, Morocco, 23 - 25 October 2019













## **PROGRAMME**

#### **DAY 1: 23RD OCTOBER**

8:30 - 9:00	Registration
9:00 - 9:30	Opening by authorities
9:30 – 10:00	INTRODUCTORY CONFERENCE: Moroccan production systems, rangelands and forages. A. Keli, M. Mounsif (ENA Meknés, Morocco), M. Chentouf (INRA Morocco) and A. Araba (IAV Hassan II, Morocco)
10:00 – 11:15	PLENARY SESSION 1: WHAT PRODUCTION SYSTEMS AND PRODUCT CHAINS TO MEET THE SOCIETAL DEMAND?
	Chairperson: M. Chentouf (INRA, Morocco)
	- Keynote presentation: Resilient and efficient small ruminant value chains in the Mediterranean basin: Challenges and opportunities from societal and consumers' needs.  R. Zanoli (Univ. Politechnica delle Marche, Italy)
	- Keynote presentation: Impact of feed quality on animal health and food safety. M. Bengoumi (FAO-Subregional Office for North Africa)
11:15 – 11:45	Coffee break
11:45 – 13:15	- Short oral presentations:
	S1-35 – Diversité des systèmes de production agricole dans le massif forestier du Boutaleb, Algérie. H. Sahraoui (Univ. of Setif 1, Algeria)
	S1-44 – A collaborative multi-stake holder analysis of the sheep and goats sector challenges. A. Belanche (CSIC, Spain)
	S1-20 – Factors influencing sheep farmer attitudes towards breeding tools across Mediterranean local breeds. D. Martín-Collado (CITA, Spain)
	S1-30 – Flavored Moroccan goat cheese prepared with rosemary ( <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i> L.) and white wormwood ( <i>Artemisia herba-alba</i> Asso) essential oils: Sensory profile and physicochemical properties. Y. Noutfia (INRA, Morocco)
	S1-27 – Dietary inclusion of whole pomegranate by-product to improve oxidative stability of lamb meat. A. Natalello (Univ. of Catania, Italy)
	- Posters focus by session chair
	- Open discussion
13:15 – 14: 30	Lunch

#### 14:30 - 17:30

# PARALLEL SESSION 1: NUTRITIONAL STRATEGIES TO IMPROVE SHEEP AND GOAT ADAPTATION AND PRODUCTION EFFICIENCY

Chairperson: M. Joy (CITA, Spain)

- Key note presentation: Smart feeding for improved performances and meat and milk quality of small ruminants. B. Valenti, (Univ. of Perugia, Italy), H. Ben Salem (IRESA, Tunisia)
- Short oral presentations:
  - P1-01 Replacement of soybean meal with lupine in barbarin lamb diet: Effect on intake, digestion, blood metabolites and growth. S. Abidi (INRAT, Tunisia)
  - P1-03 *In vitro* fermentation and acidification potential of several carbohydrates sources used in concentrate-based diets for growing ruminants. *Z. Amanzougarene (Univ. Zaragoza-CITA, Spain)*
  - P1-09 Effects of ensiled sugar-beet pulp incorporation in the diet on performance of lamb fattening. M. Benbati (INRA, Morocco)
  - P1-14 Halophytes and grass pea as alternative fodder resources for rearing lambs on saline area: The case of Kerkennah archipelago. M. Friha (ISA de Chott-Mariem, Tunisia)
  - P1-15 Feed efficiency of barn-dried hay obtained in a sustainable goat farming system (Patuchev) for dairy goats. S. Giger-Reverdin (UMR INRA-AgroParisTech MoSAR, France)

#### 15:45 – 16:15: Coffee break

- Short oral presentations:
  - P1-18 Characterization of goat neonatal mortality in northern Morocco and impact of colostrum supplementation. N. Hamidallah (Univ. Hassan Premier Settat, Morocco)
  - **P1-27 Nutritional and production aspects of partially or totally replacement of berseem hay by cassava in ewes feeding.** *A.S. Morsy (Arid lands Cultivation Research Institute, Egypt)*
  - P1-28 Garlic (Allium sativum L.) in ruminant nutrition: Chemical composition, antioxidant and antimicrobial activities and in vitro effect on digestion in sheep. N. Moujahed (INAT, Tunisia)
- Posters focus by session chair
- Open discussion

#### 14:30 - 17:30

# PARALLEL SESSION 2: PROMISING FORAGE RESOURCES FOR MEDITERRANEAN PRODUCTION SYSTEMS

Chairperson: M. Jouven (Montpellier SupAgro, France)

- Key note presentation: Promising forage resources for production systems in Mediterranean areas. L. Peccetti (CREA, Italy)
- Short oral presentations:
  - P2-03 Seed yield and some agricultural traits of cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata* L (L.) Walp) grown with different densities as double crop. Ý. *Ayan* (*Ondokuz Mayis Univ., Turkey*)
  - P2-07 Performance of local populations of *Medicago truncatula*, *M. laciniata* and *M. minima* collected in the Algerian steppe areas. *A. Chebouti (INRAA, Algeria)*
  - **P2-08 Influence of altitude and seasons on the forage quality of** *Prosopis juliflora* **shrubs.** *M. El-Morsy (Desert Research Center, Egypt)*

#### DAY 1: 23<sup>RD</sup> OCTOBER (cont.)

14:30 – 17:30	PARALLEL SESSION 2: PROMISING FORAGE RESOURCES FOR MEDITERRANEAN PRODUCTION SYSTEMS (Cont.)  - Short oral presentations (cont.):  P2-10 – Developing annual cereal-legume mixtures in dairy goat farms in South-West of France, to improve protein self-sufficiency and reduce feeding costs. J. Jost (Institut de l'Élévage, France)
	15:45 – 16:15: Coffee break
	- Short oral presentations
	P2-11 – Biomass production of different annual cereal-legume intercrops under Moroccan conditions. R. Kallida (INRA, Morocco)
	P2-20 – Influence of different Rhizobium sullae strains and soil fertility on the agronomic performance of Sulla (Sulla coronaria L.). M. Sitzia (AGRIS Sardegna, Italy)
	S3-13 – Comparative evaluation of winter forage legumes under Mediterranean rain-fed conditions. I. Hadjigeorgiou (Agricultural Univ. of Athens, Greece)
	- Posters focus by session chair
	- Open discussion
14:30 – 18:15	PARALLEL WORKSHOP OF THE ISAGE PROJECT
	Presentation of main results by project team members, flash presentations from participants and open discussion (see separate programme).

#### DAY 2: 24<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER

Full day field trip to Middle Atlas area to visit small ruminant productions systems under grazing conditions.

#### DAY 3: 25<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER

9:00 – 11:15	PLENARY SESSION 2: MEETING THE CHALLENGE OF CLIMATE CHANGE IN MEDITERRANEAN AGRO-PASTORAL SYSTEMS.
	MEDITERRATIVATION TROTONALE STOTEMO.
	<u>Chairperson: Y. Pueyo (CSIC, Spain)</u>
	Key note presentation: Climate change impacts on Mediterranean small ruminant
	production systems and mitigation options. A. del Prado (BC3, Spain)
	- Short oral presentations:
	S2-03 – Rehabilitation of Algerian rangelands: effects of Atriplex canescens plantation
	on biodiversity, soil physico-chemical parameters and soil surface elements. F. Amghar
	(Univ. M'Hamed Bougara Boumerdes, Algeria)
	S1-08 – The prospects of pastoral sheep and goat dairy systems in the Mediterranean to
	cope with global changing: An analysis from the Corsican case. J.P. Dubeuf (INRA, France)
	S2-05 – Dynamics of livestock farming systems and adaptation strategies to climate and
	socio-economic changes in the Sétifienne semi-arid zone (Algeria). M. Benidir (INRAA,
	Algeria)

#### DAY 3: 25<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER (cont.)

9:00 – 11:15	PLENARY SESSION 2: MEETING THE CHALLENGE OF CLIMATE CHANGE IN MEDITERRANEAN AGRO-PASTORAL SYSTEMS (Cont.)
	- Short oral presentations (cont.):
	S2-11 – Evolution and transformation dynamics of rangeland in Moroccan north Atlasic plains and plateaux: Rhamna's case. M. El Koudrim (INRA, Morocco)
	S2-17 – Phytomass estimation of Moroccan Rangeland using Sentinel-2 satellite indices and <i>in situ</i> biomass measurements. H. Mahyou (INRA, Morocco)
	S2-19 – Ameliorating soil acidity improves the resilience of pasture production under extended drought. M. Norton (Wagga Wagga Agricultural Institute, Australia)
	- Posters focus by session chair
	- Open discussion
11:15 –11:45	Coffee break
11:45 – 13:00	PLENARY SESSION 3: IMPROVE THE CONTRIBUTION OF GRAZED AND CROPPED FORAGE IN THE FEEDING SYSTEMS
	Chairperson: M. Mounsif (ENA Meknès, Morocco)
	Keynote presentation: Improving the use of grazed forage in Mediterranean ruminant
	systems: issues, options and perspectives. M. Jouven (AgroSup Montpellier, France), A. Franca
	(CNR-ISPAAM, Italy), and I. Casasús (CITA, Spain)
	Keynote presentation: Management and restoration of pastures and rangelands in the Mediterranean basin from the Northern and the Southern perspective. Y. Pueyo (IPE-CSIC,
	Spain) and A. El Aich (IAV Hassan II, Morocco)
	,
13:00 – 14:00	Lunch
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#### DAY 3: 25<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER (cont.)

14:00 – 15:45	PLENARY SESSION 3: IMPROVE THE CONTRIBUTION OF GRAZED AND CROPPED FORAGE IN THE FEEDING SYSTEMS (Cont.)
	- Posters focus by session chair
	- Open discussion
15:45 – 16:15	Coffee break
16:15 - 17:45	ROUND TABLE ON PASTORALISTS AND EXTENSIVE LIVESTOCK FARMERS
	Chairperson: A. López-Francos (IAMZ-CIHEAM, Spain)
	Panellists:
	- M. Bengoumi_(FAO). Improving governance of pastoral lands (FAO Voluntary guidelines)
	- M. Mounsif (ENA Morocco). Pastoral livestock sector in Morocco
	- S. Fagouri (Arab Network of Pastoralists, Morocco). Roles of pastoral networks for sustainable rangeland management
	- M. Jaouad (IRA, Tunisia). Pastoral livestock sector in southern Tunisia
	- M. Kanoun (INRA Algeria). Sheep shepherds in the Algerian agro-pastoral steppes: Which reading?
	- F.A. Ruiz Morales (IFAPA, Spain). Shepherd school as a tool for the empowerment of the livestock sector
	- J. Lasseur (INRA, France). Approach to the social sustainability of livestock farms
	- E. Yilmaz (Yolda Initiative, Turkey). Mobile Pastoralism as a retro-innovation for a sustainable future
	- A. El Mokaddem (Ministry of Agriculture, Morocco). Plans for rangeland management in Morocco
	Open discussion
17:45 – 18:15	CLOSING SESSION
	Synthesis of the Meeting, closing ceremony and prizes.